Marshall

SPLIT CHANNEL AMPLIFIER HANDBOOK

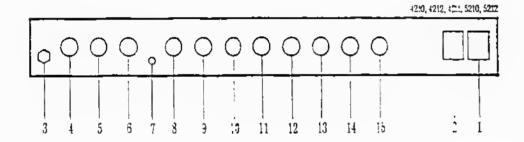
The range consists of the following:

Amplifiers	50 C-F- C1 11/11.
2205	50 watt Split Channel Valve
2210	100 watt Spiit Channel Valve
3210	100 watt Split Channel Mosie
Combos:	
4210	50 watt Split Channel Valve
4212	50 watt Split Channel Valve
4211	100 watt Spiir Channel Valv
5210	_ 50 watt Split Channel Transisto
5212	_ 50 watt Split Channel Transisto
5275	_ 75 watt Split Channel Transists

Front Panel Functions 2205, 2210, 4210, 4212, 4211, 5210, 5212

2205, 2210

10



1. Power Switch Controls total mains power to amplitier.

2 Standby Switch Controls H.T. supply to amo valves. Allows the filaments to remain heated during breats. (Not present on 5210 or 5212)

transistor cembos.)

3. Input Jack Connects instrument to amphüler.

Normal Channel

2

4. Volume Cantroi To set the level of normal or thythm playing styles.

Controls increase or decrease 5. Treble Cantrol of channels high frequency.

response.

6. Bass Control Controls increase or decrease of the changes low frequency response.

Boost Channel

7. Boost Channei Indicates red when channel is LED. selected via lootswitch.

8. Gain Control

Controls the amount of boost drive and degree : i overdrive required.

9. Volume Control

Controls the loughess level of the channel.

10. Treble Control

Controls the high frequency content of the channel.

11. Middle Control Controls the middle register of the channel and, at high levels, will modify the upile and bass.

12. Bass Control

Cantrols the low irrequency content of the channel output.

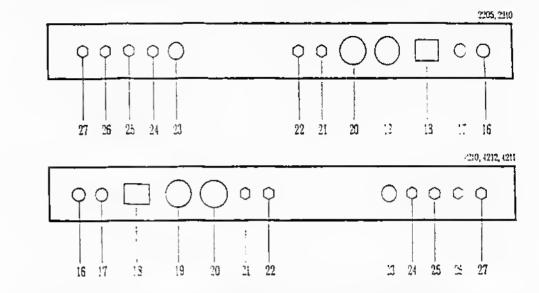
13. Master Reverb Controls the deput of the reverb effect in total sound output.

14. Master Volume Controls the overall output level of the amplifier and laudspeakers.

15. Master Presence Controls additional boost to

the upper (requescies (not included on models 4210 or 5210), of the overail sound. Adds crispness and liveliness.

Rear Panel Functions 2205, 2210, 4210, 4212, 4211



16. H.T. Fuse

Refer to war label of amo, for correct value, USE CORRECT FUSE CNLY! (Please note, on models #210 and 2205, this item is reversed with component 17.)

17. Mains Fuse

Refer to year label of amo, for correct value, USE CORRECT PUSE CNLY! (Please Hote, on models 4210 and 2205, this item s reversed with component 16.)

18. Mains Input Socket

Connects amplifier to power supply, i.e. 120/220/240v. (Please note, on models 4210 and 2203 the position of this component is at the extreme of the chassis.1

19. Mains Selector

Matches amplifier power transfermer to the incoming (wwer mitage, i.e. 120/220/240v.

20. Output Selector Matches amplifier output (mansfermer impedance to laudspeaker load impedance. i.e. 4/3/46 ohm. internal ineakers in 1 × 12 compo unita are normally 16 ohm, unless otherwise stated on the laudspeaker chassis. On 2 × 12. combos, the internal speakers are 8 coms.

Jacks

21,22. Loudspeaker Parallel connected jacks for loudspeaker connections. Loudspeaker .: ad must always be connected. If one or both sockets are used, total impedance must be matched to selector and must not be less than 4 ohm. Please refer to outside back myer for set-up impedances.

22. D.I. or Slave Level Contrais volume of low level output signai.

24. D.L or Slave Jack

Jack socket curying low level version of amonifier output. Suitable for manecting to recording and P.A. mixing desks, or into dave amplifying system.

25. Effects Return Socker

Return jack immoutput of external effects unit.

25. Effects Send Socket

Signai jack in feed the input of external effects unit.

27. Footswitch Jack Connector (ar boost/reverbilled pedal.

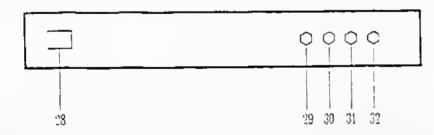
3

Operational Functions Note! Before switching on this unit it must be correctly earthed.

- a. Ensure internal or external buttspeakers are connected (2) and/or 22), and properly matched to the amplifier by correct usage if the impedance selector (20), (Vaive mulels only.)
- b. Connect footswitch to correct tack socket (27). (32 un transatur mixdels.).
- c. Connect external effects units, if desired, to (25 and 26), '30 and 31 on transistic models.)
- d. Connect D.L. Slave equipment, if in use (23 and 24).
- e. Turn the volume controls to zero.
- f. Check that mains settings (13), correspond to mains supply and connect is amplifier at socket. (Valve modes only.)
- g. Switch power in (1), and allow valves to heat up to working temperature - on valve mixtels only).
- h. Connect instrument to juput jack (3),
- Switch stanchy on 121. (Vary mudels only.)
- 3. Turn boost channel : (f and pormal channel on with the footswitch.
- k. Set volume crairols (4) and (4), to desired levels. For clean sounds, use ow normal volume. (4), and high master volume settings (14). Set tone required by adjusting normal channel treble (3), and bass (3),

- I. Turn boost cliannel on and normal channel off by depressing footswitch, the red L.E.D. (7), wiil now light up.
- m.Set boost channel rolling controls (8) and (9). i.e. for a clean sound use low gain (3), and high volunce (9), settings. For overdriven sounds, use high gain (8) and hiw, medium or high volume settings (9). Athust boost channel treble (10). middle (11), and bass (12), controls for desired ture, but note that these tone controls become less effective during high overdrive situations.
- n. Adiust reverli control (43), for desired doubt of effect, using footswitch to control CN/OFF function.
- o. 'To achieve maximum uverdrive/suscain, use the boost channe), turn the volume controls (8) and (9), to maximum and control the total output of the comboing amp, using the Master Volume (14).
- p. The master presence control (15), may be used to further culium the brightness of the sound.
- o. Always ensure that anno is switched off hefure plussing in headphones.

Rear Panel Functions 5210, 5212



- 29. Mains input Socket
- 29. Headmone Speker

Socset for readphone / line-out in section or ack plug halfway mutes the opeaker and feeds signau to headphones. Full insection numbains full specker output plus line-out. Always ensure that amp is swarzneit en before plagging in

hecophones.

Connects amplifier to supply.

- 30, Effects Return Return jack from output of external effects unit.
- 31 Effects Send
- Signal jack to feed the input of external effects unit.
- 32. Fostswitch Jack. Connector for hoost/reverb deal footswitch unit.

Specification 5210, 5212

Normal Channel Sensitivity at 1KHz, all controls full.

.Sni V. Max. input signal - 2v. R.M.S.

Min. overload level - 1.1mV.

5KHz, 22dB, automatic prightness circuit on volume control. Time

100Hz, 13dB, Mid point 400Hz.

Boost Channel Sensitivity at TKHz, all controls full.

.3mV, Max input signal 1v. R.M.S.

0/1, lev+1.6niV.

Gain and Channel volumes full - .5mV.

Treble = 5KHz, 12dB, - Mid full

33dE. — Mid down | Automatic brightness circuit on gain control.

Middle = 500Hz, 17dE, - Treble and bass full.

Bass = 150Hz, 18d3. -- Mid down Presence = 3KHz, 6d2, (Model 5212 pnly.)

Headphone / Headonone output approximately 100mW, into 8 ohms. Line-out 700mW at 50 watts

Line out R.M.S. sutput.

Effects Level - 120mV R.M.S. for full pittout. Send / Return Semi-output impedance - 4.7R ohm.

Return nout impedance - 100K ohm.

Transition ligid L.E.D. indication for boost channel On. Channel and Reverb Switching Remote double footswitched, single pole switching to earth.

Reverb

Flammand 2 sec. decay, infinitely variable.

Puwer Output 50w. R. M.S. into it ohm T0 watt high sensitivity loudspeaker, (Model 5210 only.)

50w. R.M.S into 2 × 5 cnm G12-10. Wired parallel for 4 chm operation, (Model 5212 only

Power Supply

internally adjustable 100/240v, 40/60Hz, 75VA, Interna mains (use 120). - T1A, 240v. - T300mA.

Specification 4210, 4211, 4212, 2205, 2210

All values are typical at 4RH:, and all contrais maximum unless otherwise stated.

Normal Channel

Sensitivity = 3.5 mV.

Maximum clipping level 500mV, Minimum clipping level 6mV.

Treble swing 10KHz, J&dB, Bass 50H± 14dB.

Turnover frequency 500Hz.

Boost Channel

Sensitivity = 0.12mV.

Maximum clipping level 300mV, Minimum clipping level 0.4mV.

Treble swing 5KHz, 2SeB. Mid at minimum.

Middle swing 400Hz, HdB.

Bass swing 50Hz, 23dB.

Master Section

Maste: Volume control poerating on both channels but with gain priority to boost channel. Master presence +6niB. at 4KHz, Turnover frequency 800Hz.

Master reverb Hammond type 4 with unble pre-emphasis at low control settings and

footswetch muting.

Channel Selection

Footswitch controlled translator logic switching circuit L.E.D. indication of boost channel

selected, channel inhibit circuitry on removal of signal lead.

Effects Level for rated output = 25mV.

Send / Return

Send curput impedance - 10K ohm. Return input impedance i M ohm.

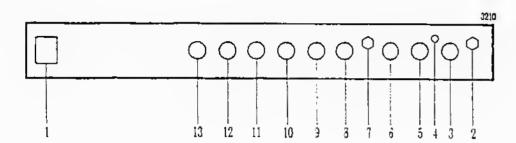
Breaking connection - : sturn.

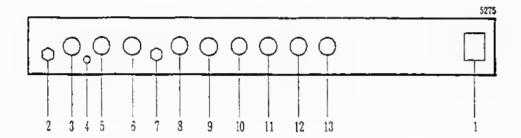
D.1. Cutput Power Output Unbassived output imcedance (00 plum variable between 350mV, and 1.4v, at rated output. Variable between 4, 3, 15 ohm.)

With النشأر vaives into hohm load. 4210 - 40w, RMS for 4% THD. 4212, 205 = 10w, RMS for 4% THD. 4211, 2210 = 103w, SMS for 4% THD

Less than 1% THD. Ar 10 watts RMS autput,

Front Panel Functions 3210, 5275

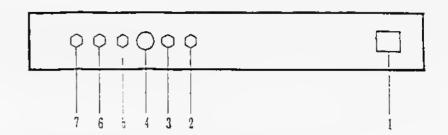




Controls the depth of the reverb

I. Mains Power Switch	ON/OFF for mains power to amplifier.	7. Footswitch Input	ON-OFF reverb, boost pedal input.
2. Input Jack Socket	Connects instrument to amplifier.	8. Volume Control	Controls level of clean or normal channels.
3. Gain + Pull E.Q. Control	Controls the smount of drive and degree of overdrive required, When control is	9. Treble Control	Controls the high frequency content of the channel.
	pulled forward, the Master E.Q. is switched in, to allow greater tonal flexibility.	10. Middle Control	Controls the middle register of the channel.
4. Boost Channel L.E.D.	Indicates red when boost channel is selected.	II. Bass Control	Controls the low frequency content of the channel output
5. Volume Control	Controls the volume level of the channel,	12, Master Reverb Control	Controls the depth of the rever effect in total sound output.
6. Tone Control	Controls the amount of bass to treble on boost channel.	13, Master Volume Control	Controls the overall output level of the amplifier.

Rear Panel Functions 3210



L Mains Input

Connects amplifier to power supply,

2. -3. Loudspeaker For connection to speakers, giving 100w. into 4 ohms.

4. D.I. Level Control Controls the low level signal output.

5. D.I. Output

Jack socket carrying a low level version of the amplifier output, Suitable for connecting to recording or P.A. mixing desks. or into slave amplifying systems.

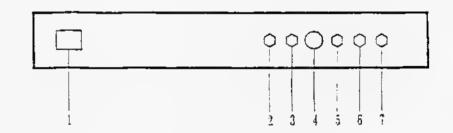
6. Effects Return Socket

7. Effects Send Socket

Return jack from output of external effects unit.

Signal jack to feed the input of external effects imit.

Rear Panel Functions 5275



1. Mains Input

Connects amp to power supply.

2. Extension Speaker Socket Output for connection to external oudapeaker (3 - 16 cams only).

3. Headphone Socket

Stereo output for use with headphones.

4. D.I. Level Control Controls the volume of low level output signal.

5. D.I. Slave Jack

Jack socket carrying low level version of amplifier output. Suitable for connecting to recording or P.A. mixing desks. or into slave amplifying system.

6. Effects Return Socket

7. Effects Send Socket

Return jack from output of external effects unit. Signal lack to feed the input of

external effects unit.

6

Use of Front Panel Controls 3210, 5275

When the footswitch is removed (socket 7), both channels of the amplifier may be used together. This can give a clean sustained sound, or a mixture of clean and distorted sounds by adjustment of the level controls (3, 5, 8 & 13),

When the boost channel is selected, maximum distortion is achieved by turning controls 3 & 5 full on and selecting the overall volume with Master Volume (13), By decreasing Gain control (3), the amount of distortion is decreased and by lowering volume control (3), the overall volume of the channel is decreased.

The tone control (6), may be used to set the overall tone of the boost channels and gives a very 'punchy' firm sound. For a greater variety of sounds, the Gain/E.Q. control (3), may be pulled outwards to introduce the full range, E.Q. circuit of the other

channel (controls 9, 10 & 11), thus giving a much wider variation of sound.

The 'clean' channel will give a good clear sound when volume control (8), is kept at a lower level than Master Volume control (13). However, a certain amount of overdrive can be achieved by turning control 8 to maximum and control 13 to the required level for overall volume, using the wide ranging tone controls (9, 10 & 11), to 'shape' the sound produced.

It is often a good idea to set the levels of the two channels to create a balance of clean to overdrive. if required, before playing seriously.

Experimentation will provide a wide and extremely varied number of different sounds, which should fulfil the needs of all guitar players, whatever their individual style may be,

Note | Before switching on this unit it must be correctly earthed.

Specification 3210

Normal 1.5mV, at 15.Hz, sensitivity, E.Q, engaged.

Boost E.O. cancellei 0.t2mV, sensitivity. Overload post = gain max, =1mV.

Gain and vomme max, into Master Volume,

Overland point = 0.5 mV.

Boost (one - 37dB, at 10KHz.

Bass 10091; 20dB, mid down. E.O.

Mid 450Hz. 12dB.

Treble 10KHz. 37dB, mid down.

E.O. Switch Operative on boost channel when footswitch connected.

Operative on noth channels when footswitch disengaged. 11dB, insertion loss in overall gain when E.Q. engaged.

Channel Switching Logic switching L.E.D. indication of boost selection. Dual footswitch for boost and reverb.

Both channels mixable when footswitch disengaged.

Reverb Fully variable accutronics spring line.

Send & Return Approximately 350m V. RMS from 600 ohm Send. Aproximately 350m V. RMS into 33K Return.

Return socket breaking.

D.I. Output Fully variable unbalanced approximately IV, RMS maximum.

Power Output Complementary Mosi et desen.

100 watts RMS into 4 ohm at clipping. 80 watts RMS into 3 ohm - approximately. 50 watts RMS into 16 ohm - approximately.

Power Input

160 VA.

Specification 5275

4mV, at !KHz, sensitivity, E.Q. engaged. Normal

Boost. E.Q. cancelled 0.12mV. sensitivity.

Overload point - gain max, - ImV.

Gain and volume max, into Master Volume.

Overload point = 0.3mV. Boost time = 37dB, at 10KHz,

Bass - 100Hz. 20dB. Middown. E.Q.

Mid. - 450Hz, 12dB.

Treble - 10KHz. 37dB. Middown.

Operative on boust channel when footswitch connected. E.Q.Switch

Operative on both channels when footswitch disengaged. 11dB, insertion loss in overall gain when E.Q. engaged.

Channel Switching Logic switching L. E.D. indication of boost selection. Dual footswitch for boost and revert.

Buth channels mixable when footswitch disengaged.

Reverb Fully variable accutronics spring line.

Send & Return Approximately \$50mV, RMS from 600 shm Send.

Approximately #50mV, RMS into 33K Return.

Return tocket breaking.

D.I. Output Fully variable unbalanced approximately IV, RMS maximum.

H.P. Outmit

Stereo and putput.

Ext. L.S. To feed i = 16 ohm system cancelling internal loudspeaker short circuit protected,

Power Output 75 w. RMS into 8 ohrms constant current design. Internal speaker -Celestion Sidewinder 150 watt / 8 ohm.

120 VA. Power Input

Note! Speaker - VE is not around. Do not fround speaker connections.

- A. ALMAYS fit a good quarty mains plug. conforming to the latest 3.8.1, standards.
- B. ALWAYS wire the plug according to the colour code attached to the mains lead.
- C. NEVER, under any circumstances, operate the ampairer without an earth.
- D. NEVER attempt to bycase the fuses or fit ones of the micomect value.
- E. NEVER attempt to replace fuses or vaives with the appelifier connected to the mains.
- F. DO NOT attempt to remove the amplifier chassis, there are no use; rervices ole parts.

- G. ALWAYS have this equipment serviced or repaired by competent qualified personnel.
- H. NEVER use an amplifier in damp or wet conditions.
- DO NOT switch the amplifier on without the loudspeaker connected, and ensure that the impedance selector is correctly matched to the speaker or speakers. (Valve models only.)
- PLEASE READ this instruction manual carefully before switching on.

ALWAYS ENSURE THAT HARSHALL APPROVED COMPONENTS ARE USED AS REPLACEMENTS

Amplifier Cabinet Set-Ups

AMPLIFIER	CABINET	AMP IMP.SETTINGS
1959, 2203, 2210	1 1960A or 1982A 1 1960A + 1960B (or 1982A + 1982B1	16 ahras 8 ohras
1987, 2204, 2205	1 1936 2 1926 1 1960A 1 1960A + 1960B	3 ohms 4 ohms 16 ohms 3 ohms
35:0	1 1965A or 1960A 1 1965A + 1965B (or 1966A + 1966B)	8 ohms
4210, 4010	1 1933	3 ahms
42:1, 4212, 4104 & 4103	1 1936	4 ohms